

Addendum of Historical Laws

1837 Ala. Acts 7, § 1	App. 1
1838 Tenn. Pub. Acts 200, ch. 137	App. 2
1879 Tenn. Pub. Acts 135, ch. 96 § 1	App. 4
1881 Ark. Acts 191	App. 6
1883 Tenn. Pub. Acts 17.....	App. 8
1903 S.C. Sess. Laws 127, § 1	App. 9
1907 Ala. Laws 80, § 1	App. 11
1909 Me. Laws 141	App. 12
1912 Vt. Acts and Resolves 310, § 1	App. 14
1913 Minn. Laws 55.....	App. 15
1927 Mich. Pub. Acts 888, § 3	App. 16
1927 R.I. Pub. Laws 256, §§ 1, 4.....	App. 23
<i>Report of Firearms Committee, 38th Conference Handbook of the National Conference on Uniform State Laws and Proceedings of the Annual Meeting (1928)</i>	App. 27
1931 Ill. Laws 452, § 1	App. 38
District of Columbia Dangerous Weapons Act, 47 Stat. 650 (1932), ch. 465, §§ 1, 14	App. 41
1932 La. Acts 336, § 1.....	App. 46
1933 Cal. Acts 1169	App. 50
1933 Minn. Laws 231	App. 53
1933 Ohio Laws 189	App. 56
1933 S.D. Sess. Laws 245, § 1.....	App. 58
1933 Tex. Gen. Laws 219, § 1	App. 61
1934 S.C. Acts 1288, § 1	App. 63
1934 Va. Acts 137, §§ 1(a), 4(d).....	App. 65

Treasurer of the State, to deposit in the Bank of the State and its several branches, all that portion of the public revenue of the United States, which he has received or which he may hereafter receive, as the portion of Alabama, in the following proportion: One fifth in the Bank of the State at Tuscaloosa, one fifth in the Branch Bank at Montgomery, one fifth in the Branch Bank at Mobile, one fifth in the Branch Bank at Decatur, and one fifth in the Branch Bank at Huntsville; taking therefor certificates of deposit, and all laws or parts of laws, contravening the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed: *Provided*, That the amount of the surplus revenue already received and which may hereafter be received, shall be deposited in said Bank and its Branches, in the above and foregoing proportions, on or before the first day of May next.

Treasurer to deposit the surplus revenue in the Bank and Branches.

Approved June 30, 1837.

[No. 11.]

AN ACT

To suppress the use of Bowie Knives.

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama in General Assembly convened*, That if any person carrying any knife or weapon, known as Bowie Knives or Arkansas Tooth-picks, or either or any knife or weapon that shall in form, shape or size, resemble a Bowie Knife or Arkansas Tooth-pick, on a sudden rencounter, shall cut or stab another with such knife, by reason of which he dies, it shall be adjudged murder, and the offender shall suffer the same as if the killing had been by malice aforethought.

Penalty for carrying Bowie knives

Sec. 2. *And be it further enacted*, That for every such weapon, sold or given, or otherwise disposed of in this State, the person selling, giving or disposing of the same, shall pay a tax of one hundred dollars, to be paid into the county Treasury; and if any person so selling, giving or disposing of such weapon, shall fail to give in the same in his list of taxable property, he shall be subject to the pains and penalties of perjury.

Persons selling Bowie knives to be taxed.

Approved June 30, 1837.

[No. 12.]

AN ACT

To enlarge the prison bounds in the different counties in this State:

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama in General Assembly convened*, That the several sections of an act passed in the year 1824, requiring the Judge of the county court and commissioners of roads and revenue, to mark and lay out the bounds of prisoners, be and the same is hereby repealed; and that from and after the passage of this act, the bounds of the different counties shall be the limits within which prisoners confined for debt shall be restricted, on entering into bond, as now required by law, to keep within the prison bounds; and hereafter the plaintiffs in suits shall not be compelled to pay the sustenance and support of prisoners who take the benefit of the bounds.

Prison bounds enlarged.

Approved June 30, 1837.

[No. 13.]

AN ACT

For the relief of the purchasers of the Sixteenth Section, Township four, Range six, West, in the county of Lawrence and for other purposes.

Section 1. *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the State of Alabama in General Assembly convened*, That the President and Directors of the Branch of the Bank of the

to perform the duties enjoined on them by the second section of an act, passed at Nashville, the 19th of February, 1836, chapter XLVIII, that it shall be the duty of the several county surveyors to do and perform said services within their respective counties, and that said county surveyors shall be allowed the same fees, and be subject to the same penalties that said principal surveyors were entitled to, and liable for, in processioning said lands, and that said county surveyors shall return a plat and certificate of each tract so processioned by them to the entry taker of the county, who shall forthwith record the same in his survey book, for which services the said entry taker shall be allowed the same fees as for other services of the same kind, and that said several tracts of land shall be liable to attachment and final judgment for all expenses in processioning and recording the same.

JOHN COCKE,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

TERRY H. CAHAL,

Speaker of the Senate.

Passed January 18th, 1836.

CHAPTER CXXXVII.

An Act to suppress the sale and use of Bowie Knives and Arkansas Tooth Picks in this State.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee,* That if any merchant, pedlar, jeweller, confectioner, grocery keeper, or other person or persons whatsoever, shall sell or offer to sell, or shall bring into this State, for the purpose of selling, giving or disposing of in any other manner whatsoever, any Bowie knife or knives, or Arkansas tooth picks, or any knife or weapon that shall in form, shape or size resemble a Bowie knife or any Arkansas tooth pick, such merchant, pedlar, jeweller, confectioner, grocery keeper, or other person or persons for every such Bowie knife or knives, or weapon that shall in form, shape or size resemble a Bowie knife or Arkansas tooth pick so sold, given or otherwise disposed of, or offered to be sold, given or otherwise disposed of, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof upon indictment or presentment, shall be fined in a sum not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, and shall be imprisoned in the county jail for a period not less than one month nor more than six months.

SEC. 2. That if any person shall wear any Bowie knife, Arkansas tooth pick, or other knife or weapon that shall in

Knives not to be
sold or given
away

Not to be worn

form, shape or size resemble a Bowie knife or Arkansas tooth pick under his clothes, or keep the same concealed about his person, such person shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined in a sum not less than two hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, and shall be imprisoned in the county jail not less than three months and not more than six months.

Sec. 3. That if any person shall maliciously draw or attempt to draw any Bowie knife, Arkansas tooth pick, or any knife or weapon that shall in form, shape or size resemble a Bowie knife or Arkansas tooth pick, from under his clothes or from any place of concealment about his person, for the purpose of sticking, cutting, awing, or intimidating any other person, such person so drawing or attempting to draw, shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be confined in the jail and penitentiary house of this State for a period of time not less than three years, nor more than five years.

Sec. 4. That if any person carrying any knife or weapon known as a Bowie knife, Arkansas tooth pick, or any knife or weapon that shall in form, shape or size resemble a Bowie knife, on a sudden rencounter, shall cut or stab another person with such knife or weapon, whether death ensues or not, such person so stabbing or cutting shall be guilty of a felony, and upon conviction thereof shall be confined in the jail and penitentiary house of this State, for a period of time not less than three years, nor more than fifteen years.

Sec. 5. That this act shall be in force from and after the first day of March next. And it shall be the duty of the several judges of the circuit courts in this State to give the same in charge to the grand jury every term of the respective courts, and any civil officer who shall arrest and prosecute to conviction and punishment any person guilty of any of the offences enumerated in this act, shall be entitled to the sum of fifty dollars, to be taxed in the bill of costs, and the attorney general shall be entitled to a tax fee of twenty dollars in each case, when a defendant shall be convicted, and no prosecutor required on any presentment or indictment for any of the offences enumerated in this act.

JOHN COCKE,

Speaker of the House of Representatives.

TERRY H. CAHAL,

Speaker of the Senate.

Passed January 27th, 1838.

CHAPTER XCV.

AN ACT to change the day in which the Criminal Docket shall be taken up for Marshall County, Tennessee.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee*, That an Act passed March 22nd, 1877, entitled, "An Act to repeal the Act establishing a Criminal Court in the counties of Williamson, Maury, Giles and Marshall," be so amended that Section 5 of said Act shall hereafter read, that the Criminal Docket shall be taken up on the second Monday of the term of court, instead of the first Thursday of the term, as heretofore fixed by said Act, and that the second Monday of the term shall be the day on which the criminal part of said term of court shall commence for said Marshall County hereafter.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That this Act take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed March 14, 1879.

H. P. FOWLKES,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

J. R. NEAL,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved March 17, 1879.

ALBERT S. MARKS,
Governor.

CHAPTER XCVI.

AN ACT to Prevent the Sale of Pistols.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee*, That it shall be a misdemeanor for any person to sell, or offer to sell, or to bring into the

Sale of pistols forbidden. State for the purpose of selling, giving away, or otherwise disposing of belt or pocket pistols, or revolvers, or any other kind of pistols, except army or navy pistol; *Provided* that this Act shall not be enforced against any persons now having license to sell such articles until the expiration of such present license.

Penalty. SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That any person guilty of a violation of this Act, shall be subject to presentment or indictment, and on conviction, shall pay a fine of not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars, and be imprisoned at the discretion of the court.

Judges to charge. SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the Criminal and Circuit Judges, and other Judges whose courts have criminal jurisdiction, to give this Act specially in charge to the grand jury at each term of the court.

Grand Jury powers. SEC. 4. *Be it further enacted*, That it shall be the duty of the grand juries to send for witnesses, in all cases where they have good reason to believe, that the provisions of this Act have been violated. And upon satisfactory evidence of its violation, they shall make presentments of the same without a prosecutor.

SEC. 5. *Be it further enacted*, That all laws and parts of laws in conflict with this Act be, and the same are hereby repealed.

SEC. 6. *Be it further enacted*, That this Act shall take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed March 14, 1879.

H. P. FOWLKES,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
J. R. NEAL,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved March 17, 1879.

ALBERT S. MARKS,
Governor.

CHAPTER XCVII.

AN ACT to amend the Law Taxing Wagons.

SECTION 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee*, That sub-Section 38 of Section 553a

buildings and grounds shall hereafter be used exclusively for State purposes, the title to the same being in the State.

SEC. 2. That this act take effect and be in force thirty days after its passage, allowing that time for said county to vacate said rooms, &c.

Approved, April 1st, 1881.

No. XCVI.

AN ACT To Preserve the Public Peace and Prevent Crime.

SECTION

- 1 Carrying of certain weapons constituted a misdemeanor; *proviso*, excepting officers, and persons journeying.
- 2 Carrying such weapons otherwise than in the hand, a misdemeanor.
- 3 Selling or disposing of such weapons, a misdemeanor.
- 4 Violation of act punishable by fine from \$50 to \$200.
- 5 Justices of the Peace knowing of violations of provisions of act and refusing to proceed, to be fined and removed.
- 6 Same penalty denounced any other officer knowing of such offense.
- 7 Violators of act how proceeded against.
- 8 Conflicting laws repealed; act in force 90 days after passage.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Arkansas:

SECTION 1. That any person who shall wear or carry, in any manner whatever, as a weapon, any dirk or bowie knife, or a sword, or a spear in a cane, brass or metal knucks, razor, or any pistol of any kind whatever, except such pistols as are used in the army or navy of the United States, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor; *Provided*, That officers, whose duties require them to make arrests, or to keep and guard prisoners, together with the persons summoned by such officers, to aid them in the discharge of such duties, while actually engaged in such duties, are exempted from the provisions of this act. *Provided, further*, That nothing in this act be so construed as to prohibit any person from carrying any weapon when upon a journey, or upon his own premises.

SEC. 2. Any person, excepting such officers, or persons on a journey, and on his premises, as are mentioned in section one of this act, who shall wear or carry any such pistol as in [is] used in the army or navy of the United States, in any manner except uncovered, and in his hand, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

SEC. 3. Any person who shall sell, barter or exchange, or otherwise dispose of, or in any manner furnish to any person *any person* any dirk or bowie knife, or a sword or a spear in a cane, brass or metal knucks, or any pistol, of any kind whatever, except such as are used in the army or navy of the United States, and known as the navy pistol, or any kind of cartridge, for any pistol, or any person who shall keep any such arms or cartridges for sale, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

SEC. 4. Any person convicted of a violation of any of the provisions of this act, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty nor more than two hundred dollars.

SEC. 5. Any justice of the peace in this State, who, from his own knowledge, or from legal information, knows, or has reasonable grounds to believe, any person guilty of the violation of the provisions of this act, and shall fail or refuse to proceed against such person, shall be deemed guilty of a non-feasance in office, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by the same fines and penalties as provided in section four of this act, and shall be removed from office.

SEC. 6. Any officer in this State, whose duty it is to make arrests, who may have personal knowledge of any person carrying arms contrary to the provisions of this act, and shall fail or refuse to arrest such person and bring him to trial, shall be punished, as provided in section four of this act.

SEC. 7. All persons violating any of the provisions of this act may be prosecuted in any of the courts of this State, having jurisdiction to try the same.

SEC. 8. All laws or parts of laws, in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed, and this act to take effect and be in force ninety days after its passage.

Approved, April 1st, 1881.

SEC. 3. *Be it further enacted*, That this Act take effect from and after its passage, the public welfare requiring it.

Passed February 23, 1883.

B. F. ALEXANDER,
Speaker of the Senate.

W. L. LEDGERWOOD,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved February 27, 1883.

WM. B. BATE,
Governor.

CHAPTER XIII.

A BILL to be entitled An Act to prevent the sale, loan or gift of pistol cartridges in this State.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee, That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to buy or sell or give away any pistol cartridges in this State. Pistol cartridges unlawful.

Be it further enacted, That any person or persons violating this Act, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be fined not less than twenty-five or more than one hundred dollars. Penalty.

Be it further enacted, That this Act shall be given in charge by the judges of the Circuit and Criminal Courts of this State, to the grand juries at each term of the Court, and that the grand juries are hereby clothed with inquisitorial powers to send for witnesses, and prefer presentments against any persons guilty of a violation of this Act; *provided, however*, that nothing in this Act shall be construed to interfere with the sale of cartridges for rifle guns or shot guns, or cartridges for army or navy pistols. Grand juries have inquisitorial powers.

Passed February 24, 1883

B. F. ALEXANDER,
Speaker of the Senate.

W. L. LEDGERWOOD,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.

Approved March 3, 1883.

WM. B. BATE,
Governor.

the foregoing Sections of this Act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the Court.

A. D. 1903.

SEC. 4. This Act shall be of force and effect from and after April first, 1903.

SEC. 5. All Acts and parts of Acts in conflict with this Act be, and the same are hereby, repealed.

Approved the 23d day of February, A. D. 1903.

No. 86.

AN ACT TO AMEND AN ACT ENTITLED "AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION I OF AN ACT ENTITLED 'AN ACT TO REGULATE THE CARRYING, MANUFACTURE AND SALE OF PISTOLS, AND TO MAKE A VIOLATION OF THE SAME A MISDEMEANOR,' APPROVED 20TH OF FEBRUARY, 1901, BY STRIKING OUT CERTAIN WORDS AND INSERTING OTHER WORDS IN LIEU THEREOF," APPROVED FEBRUARY 25TH, 1902, BY PROHIBITING LEASING, RENTING, BARTERING, EXCHANGING AND HANDLING PISTOLS.

SECTION I. *Be it enacted* by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina, That an Act entitled "An Act to amend Section I of an Act entitled 'An Act to regulate the carrying, manufacture and sale of pistols, and to make a violation of the same a misdemeanor,' approved 20th of February, 1901, by striking out certain words and inserting other words in lieu thereof," approved February 25, 1902, be amended by inserting after the words "offer for sale" and before the words "or transport for sale," the following words, "lease, rent, barter, exchange, handle;" so that said Section, when amended, shall read as follows:

Act of 25 Feb., 1902, Vol. 23 of Acts, p. 1093, amended.

Section I. That from and after the first day of July, 1902, it shall be unlawful for any one to carry about the person, whether concealed or not, any pistol less than twenty inches long and three pounds in weight; and it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to manufacture, sell or offer for sale,

Manufacture, sale, and carrying of certain pistols prohibited. Criminal Code, § 129, amended.

A. D. 1903.

lease, rent, barter, exchange, or transport for sale or into this State, any pistol of less length and weight. Any violation of this Section shall be punished by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars, or imprisonment for not more than two years; and in case of a sale by a person, firm or corporation, the sum of one hundred dollars shall be forfeited to and for the use of the school fund of the County wherein the violation takes place, to be recovered as other fines and forfeitures: *Provided*, This Act shall not apply to peace officers in the actual discharge of their duties, or to carrying or keeping of pistols by persons while on their own premises.

Approved the 2d day of March, A. D. 1903.

No. 87.

AN ACT TO AMEND SECTION 20 OF THE CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, FIXING THE TIMES FOR THE HOLDING OF THE CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE THIRD JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

Code of Procedure, § 20, amended.

Courts in Third Circuit.

Lee County.

Florence County.

Georgetown County.

SECTION I. *Be it enacted* by the General Assembly of the State of South Carolina, That Section 20 of the Code of Civil Procedure be, and the same is hereby, amended, so as to read as follows: Sec. 20. The Circuit Courts of the Third Judicial Circuit of this State shall be held as follows:

1. The Court of General Sessions at Bishopville, for the County of Lee, on the first Monday in March, the first Monday in June and the fourth Monday in September; and the Court of Common Pleas at the same place on the Wednesdays first succeeding the Mondays herein fixed for the holding of the Court of General Sessions at said place.

2. The Court of General Sessions at Florence, for the County of Florence, on the second Monday after the first Monday in March, the second Monday in June and the second Monday after the fourth Monday in September; and the Court of Common Pleas at the same place on the Wednesdays first succeeding the Mondays herein fixed for the holding of the Court of General Sessions at said place.

3. The Court of General Sessions at Georgetown, for the County of Georgetown, on the fourth Monday after the first

No. 55.)

AN ACT

(H. 37.

To prohibit the sale, or barter, or having possession of small deadly weapons, such as small pistols, bowie knives, dirks, brass knucks, and slung shots. Be it enacted by the legislature of Alabama :

Penalty for sale, etc.

Section 1. That any person who sells, or barter, any pistol of less than twenty-four inches in length of barrel, or any brass knucks, metallic knucks, dirks, slung shot, bowie knives or knife of like kind, must on conviction be fined not less than one hundred (\$100.00) nor more than one thousand \$1000.00 dollars, and may also be sentenced to hard labor for not less than one nor more than three months.

Penalty for having possession of.

Section 2. Any person who has possession off of his own premises, of any of the weapons named in the first section of this act must on conviction be fined not less than twenty-five (\$25.00) nor more than five hundred (\$500.00) dollars, and may also be sentenced to hard labor for less than one nor more than three months.

Effect.

Section 2. This act shall go into effect and be operative from and after the first day of July, 1908.

Approved Nov. 23, 1907.

No. 56.)

AN ACT

(H. 50.

To provide for the registration of all conveyances of real and personal property and to repeal all laws in conflict therewith.

Instruments, record of; how made.

Section 1. Be it enacted by the legislature of Alabama, That it shall be the duty of the probate judges to record all instruments filed with them, and entitled to registration under the law, by writing the same in a fair hand, or by printing the same in books kept for that purpose, or

'Section 13. Every town shall raise and expend, annually, for the support of common schools therein, exclusive of the income of any corporate school fund, or of any grant from the revenue or fund from the state, or of any voluntary donation, devise or bequest, or of any forfeiture accruing to the use of schools, not less than eighty cents for each inhabitant, according to the census by which representatives to the legislature were last apportioned, under penalty of forfeiting not less than twice nor more than four times the amount of its deficiency, and all moneys provided by towns, or apportioned by the state for the support of common schools, shall be expended for the maintenance of common schools established and controlled by the towns by which said moneys are provided, or to which said moneys are apportioned; but nothing in this section shall be so construed as to annul, or render void, the provisions made in section eighteen of this chapter for the establishing and maintenance of union schools by adjoining towns.'

Towns to raise money for schools.

—expenditure.

Section 2. This act shall take effect January one, nineteen hundred and ten.

Approved March 24, 1909.

Chapter 129.

An Act to prohibit the use of Firearms fitted with any device to deaden the sound of explosion.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, offer for sale, use or have in his possession, any gun, pistol or other firearm, fitted or contrived with any device for deadening the sound of explosion. Whoever violates any of the provisions of this act shall forfeit such firearm or firearms and the device or silencer, and shall further be subject to a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or to imprisonment not exceeding sixty days, or to both fine and imprisonment. Any sheriff, deputy sheriff, constable, inland fish and game warden or deputy inland fish and game warden shall have authority to seize any firearm or firearms and any device or silencer found in possession of any person in violation of this act, and on conviction of the party from whom such firearm or firearms are seized, such firearm or firearms shall be sold, the proceeds to be paid to the state treasurer, and the device or silencer shall be destroyed.

Use of firearms fitted with device to deaden sound, prohibited.

—penalty.

—seizure of firearms, and by whom.

CHAP. 130

Military
organiza-
tions not
affected.

Section 2. This act does not apply to military organizations authorized by law to bear arms, or to the national guard in the performance of its duty.

Section 3. In all prosecutions arising under this act, municipal and police courts and trial justices in their respective counties shall have upon complaint original and concurrent jurisdiction with the supreme judicial and superior courts, and all fines, penalties and forfeitures recovered by any person for any violation of this act shall be paid forthwith by the person receiving the same to the state treasurer, to be credited to fines and license fees for the protection of birds and game.

Approved March 24, 1909.

Chapter 130.

An Act to amend Paragraph Five, of Section Thirty, of Chapter Eighteen of the Revised Statutes, relating to By-laws of Local Boards of Health.

Be it enacted by the People of the State of Maine, as follows:

Paragraph
5, of sec-
tion 30,
chapter 18,
R. S.,
amended.

Paragraph five, of section thirty, of chapter eighteen of the revised statutes is hereby amended by inserting after the word "county" in the seventh line thereof the words 'or by posting copies of said by-laws in six conspicuous and public places within the town;' also by inserting after the word "publication" in the eighth line thereof the words 'or posting,' so that said paragraph, as amended, shall read as follows:

Board of
health may
make by-
laws for
preserva-
tion of life
and health.

—notice of
by-laws.

'V. Make, alter and amend such orders and by-laws as they shall think necessary and proper for the preservation of life and health and the successful operation of the health laws of the state, subject to the approval of any justice of the supreme judicial court. Notice shall be given by the board of health, of all by-laws made or amended by them, by publishing the same in some newspaper, if there is one published in such town; if there is none, then in the nearest newspaper published in the county; or by posting copies of said by-laws in six conspicuous and public places within the town; and a record of such publication, or posting, of said orders and by-laws in the office of the town clerk, shall be deemed a legal notice to all persons.'

Approved March 24, 1909.

Sec. 5904. A person who sells, gives away or furnishes to a person under twenty-one years of age, cigarettes, cigarette papers or wrappers shall be imprisoned not more than two months or fined not more than fifty dollars, or both. A plainly printed copy of this and the preceding section shall, upon application, be furnished by the secretary of state and be posted in a conspicuous place in each store, shop, office or place of business where cigarettes are sold or kept for sale. A person who fails to so post such copy shall be fined not more than twenty-five dollars nor less than five dollars.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect March 1, 1913.

Approved February 3, 1913.

No. 236.—AN ACT TO IMPROVE SANITARY CONDITIONS
IN THE SALE OF BREAD AND CAKE.

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

SECTION 1. No person shall carry or cart about with intent to sell or offer for sale, or deliver to customers after it has been sold for human food, any kind or quality of bread or cake in loaf form, unless each loaf be wrapped separately in waxed paper, tissue paper or some similar wrapper or a sanitary container of sufficient thickness and quality to protect the bread and cake from dust and dirt.

SEC. 2. A person who violates a provision of this act shall be fined five dollars for each offense.

Approved December 10, 1912.

No. 237.—AN ACT TO PREVENT THE MANUFACTURE,
SALE OR USE OF GUNSILENCERS.

It is hereby enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Vermont:

SECTION 1. A person who manufactures, sells, or uses, or possesses with intent to sell or use, an appliance known as or used for a gunsilencer shall be fined twenty-five dollars for each offense. This act shall not prevent the use or possession of gunsilencers for military purposes when so used or possessed under proper military authority and restriction.

SEC. 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 1913.

Approved November 14, 1912.

agree on the verdict the same shall be signed by all the jurors who concur therein, and the clerk of said court shall enter on his minutes the number of said jurors concurring in said verdict.

Sec. 3. Inconsistent acts repealed.—All acts or parts of acts inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This act shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1st, 1913.

Approved March 13, 1913.

CHAPTER 64—H. F. No. 80.

An Act to prevent the sale, offering or exposing for sale or having in possession for the use or for purpose of sale within this state, of a silencer for shot-gun, revolver, rifle or other fire-arm, defining a silencer and providing penalties for violation.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Minnesota:

Section 1. Use of silencers prohibited.—No person shall within the state of Minnesota sell or offer or expose for sale, or have in possession for use upon or in connection with any rifle, shot-gun, revolver, or other fire-arm or have in possession for purposes of sale any silencer for a shot-gun, revolver, rifle or other fire-arm.

Sec. 2. Possession prima facie evidence.—In any prosecution hereunder proof of the having such silencer in possession by any person shall constitute prima facie evidence that same was had in possession of such person for use contrary to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 3. Construction of word "silencer."—A silencer within the meaning of this act is defined as a mechanical device or construction or instrument designed or intended to be temporarily or permanently attached to or used in connection with any shot-gun, revolver, rifle, or other fire-arm for the purpose of lessening or reducing the volume of sound caused by the discharge of or by the firing of such gun, rifle, revolver or other fire-arm.

Sec. 4. Violation a misdemeanor.—Any person violating any of the provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor.

Approved March 13, 1913.

CHAPTER 65—H. F. No. 155.

An Act to amend Section Four (4) of Chapter Two Hundred Thirty-One (231) of the General Laws of Minnesota for

other purpose. Such persons shall hold office during the term of their employment by the state highway department but the authority herein vested shall cease upon the termination of such employment. The persons so appointed shall by reason of such appointment be members of the department of public safety during the terms of such appointment but shall serve without pay as members thereof.

Approved June 2, 1927.

[No. 372.]

AN ACT to regulate and license the selling, purchasing, possessing and carrying of certain firearms; to prohibit the buying, selling or carrying of certain firearms without a license therefor; to prohibit the possession of certain weapons and attachments; to prohibit the pawning of certain firearms; to prohibit the sale, offering for sale, or possession for the purpose of sale of written or printed matter containing any offer to sell or deliver certain firearms or devices within this state; to provide penalties for the violations of this act, and to repeal act number two hundred seventy-four of the public acts of nineteen hundred eleven, being sections fifteen thousand two hundred thirty-six, fifteen thousand two hundred thirty-seven, fifteen thousand two hundred thirty-eight, fifteen thousand two hundred thirty-nine, fifteen thousand two hundred forty, fifteen thousand two hundred forty-one, fifteen thousand two hundred forty-two, fifteen thousand two hundred forty-three, fifteen thousand two hundred forty-four, fifteen thousand two hundred forty-five and fifteen thousand two hundred forty-six of the compiled laws of nineteen hundred fifteen; act number three hundred thirteen of the public acts of nineteen hundred twenty-five; and section sixteen of chapter one hundred sixty-two of the revised statutes of eighteen hundred forty-six, being section fifteen thousand six hundred forty-one of the compiled laws of nineteen hundred fifteen.

The People of the State of Michigan enact:

SECTION 1. The word "pistol" as used in this act shall mean any firearm, loaded or unloaded, thirty inches or less in length. The word "purchaser" shall mean any person who receives a pistol from another by purchase, gift or loan. The word "seller" shall mean any person who sells, furnishes, loans or gives a pistol to another.

SEC. 2. No person shall purchase a pistol as defined in this act without first having obtained a license therefor as

Words defined.

License before purchase.

App. 16

prescribed herein. The commissioner or chief of police, or his duly authorized deputy, in incorporated cities or in incorporated villages having an organized department of police, and the sheriff, or his authorized deputy, in parts of the respective counties not included within incorporated cities or villages, are hereby authorized to issue licenses to purchase pistols to applicants residing within the respective territories herein mentioned. No such license shall be granted to any person except he be nineteen years of age or over, and has resided in this state six months or more, and in no event shall such a license be issued to a person who has been convicted of a felony or adjudged insane in this state or elsewhere. Applications for such licenses shall be signed by the applicant under oath upon forms provided by the commissioner of public safety. Licenses to purchase pistols shall be executed in duplicate upon forms provided by the commissioner of public safety and shall be signed by the licensing authority. One copy of such license shall be delivered to the applicant and the duplicate of such license shall be retained by such licensing authority as a permanent official record for a period of six years. Such license shall be void unless used within ten days after the date of its issue. Any person who shall sell to another any pistol as defined in this act without complying with the requirements of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or imprisonment in the county jail not more than ninety days, or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court. Such license shall be signed in ink by the holder thereof in the presence of the person selling, loaning or giving a pistol to such licensee and shall thereupon be taken up by such person, signed by him in ink and shall be delivered or sent by registered mail within forty-eight hours to the commissioner of public safety. The seller shall certify upon said license in the space provided therefor the name of the person to whom such pistol was delivered, the make, style, calibre and number of such pistol, and shall further certify that such purchaser signed his name on said license in the presence of the seller. The provisions of this section shall not apply to the purchase of pistols from wholesalers by dealers regularly engaged in the business of selling pistols at retail, nor to the sale, barter or exchange of pistols kept solely as relics, souvenirs or curios.

To whom granted.

Executed in duplicate.

Misdemeanor; penalty.

Unlawful to manufacture, etc., certain firearms, etc.

Penalty for violation.

Sec. 3. It shall be unlawful within this state to manufacture, sell, offer for sale, or possess any machine gun or firearm which can be fired more than sixteen times without reloading, or any muffler, silencer or device for deadening or muffling the sound of a discharged firearm, or any bomb or bombshell, or any blackjack, slung shot, billy, metallic knuckles, sandclub, sandbag or bludgeon. Any person convicted of a violation of this section shall be guilty of a felony and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand

dollars or imprisonment in the state prison not more than five years, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court. The provisions of this section shall not apply, however, to any person, firm or corporation manufacturing firearms, explosives or munitions of war by virtue of any contracts with any department of the government of the United States, or with any foreign government, state, municipality or any subdivision thereof.

SEC. 4. Any person who, with intent to use the same unlawfully against the person of another, goes armed with a pistol or other firearm or dagger, dirk, razor, stiletto, or knife having a blade over three inches in length, or any other dangerous or deadly weapon or instrument, shall be guilty of a felony and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisonment in the state prison for not more than five years, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Felony,
what
deemed.

Penalty.

SEC. 5. No person shall carry a dagger, dirk, stiletto or other dangerous weapon except hunting knives adapted and carried as such, concealed on or about his person, or whether concealed or otherwise in any vehicle operated or occupied by him, except in his dwelling house or place of business or on other land possessed by him. No person shall carry a pistol concealed on or about his person, or whether concealed or otherwise, in any vehicle operated or occupied by him, except in his dwelling house or place of business or on other land possessed by him, without a license therefor as herein provided. Any person violating the provisions of this section shall be guilty of a felony and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one thousand dollars or imprisonment in the state prison for not more than five years, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Unlawful to
carry, etc.,
dagger, etc.

SEC. 6. The prosecuting attorney, the commissioner or chief of police and the commissioner of public safety or their respective authorized deputies in incorporated cities or in incorporated villages having an organized department of police, and the prosecuting attorney, the commissioner of public safety or their authorized deputies, and the sheriff, under-sheriff or chief deputy sheriff in parts of the respective counties not included within incorporated cities or villages shall constitute boards exclusively authorized to issue licenses to carry pistols concealed on the person to applicants residing within the respective territories herein mentioned. The county clerk of each county shall be clerk of such licensing boards, which boards shall be known in law as "The Concealed Weapon Licensing Board." No such license to carry a pistol concealed on the person shall be granted to any person except he be nineteen years of age or over and has resided in this state six months or over, and in no event shall such license be issued unless it appears that the applicant has good reason to fear injury to his person or property, or has

Concealed
weapon
licensing
board.

To whom
license
granted.

other proper reasons, and that he is a suitable person to be so licensed, and in no event to a person who has been convicted of a felony or adjudged insane in this state or elsewhere. The prosecuting attorney shall be the chairman of the said board, which shall convene at least once in each calendar month and at such other times as they shall be called to convene by the chairman. Such licenses shall be issued only upon written application signed by the applicant and on his oath and upon forms provided by the commissioner of public safety. Such licenses shall issue only with the approval of a majority of said board and shall be executed in triplicate upon forms provided by the commissioner of public safety and shall be signed in the name of the concealed weapon licensing board by the county clerk and the seal of the circuit court affixed thereto. One copy of such license shall be delivered to the applicant, the duplicate of said license shall be retained by the county clerk as a permanent official record for a period of six years, and the triplicate of such license shall be forwarded to the commissioner of public safety who shall file and index licenses so received by him and keep the same as a permanent official record for a period of six years. Each license shall be issued for a definite period of not more than one year, to be stated in the license, and no renewal of such license shall be granted except upon the filing of a new application. Every license issued hereunder shall bear the imprint of the right thumb' of the licensee, or, if that be not possible, of the left thumb or some other finger of such licensee. Such licensee shall carry such license upon his person at all times when he may be carrying a pistol concealed upon his person and shall display such license upon the request of any peace officer.

Chairman of board.

Duration of license.

When license to expire.

When license revoked.

SEC. 7. All licenses heretofore issued in this state permitting a person to carry a pistol concealed upon his person shall expire at midnight, December thirty-one, nineteen hundred twenty-seven.

SEC. 8. The licensing board herein created by section six may revoke any license issued by it upon receiving a certificate of any magistrate showing that such licensee has been convicted of violating any of the provisions of this act, or has been convicted of a felony. Such license may also be revoked whenever in the judgment of said board the reason for granting such license shall have ceased to exist, or whenever said board shall for any reasonable cause determine said licensee to be an unfit person to carry a pistol concealed upon his person. No such license shall be revoked except upon written complaint and then only after a hearing by said board, of which at least seven days' notice shall be given to the licensee either by personal service or by registered mail to his last known address. The clerk of said licensing board is hereby authorized to administer an oath to any person testifying before such board at any such hearing.

SEC. 9. On or before the first day of November, nineteen hundred twenty-seven, any person within this state who owns or has in his possession a pistol as defined in this act, shall, if he reside in an incorporated city or an incorporated village having an organized police department, present such weapon for safety inspection to the commissioner or chief of police of such city or village; if such person reside in a part of the county not included within the corporate limits of such city or village he shall so present such pistol for safety inspection to the sheriff of such county. Any person owning or coming into possession of a pistol after the first day of November, nineteen hundred twenty-seven, shall forthwith present such pistol for safety inspection in the manner provided in this section. A certificate of inspection shall thereupon be issued in triplicate on a form provided by the commissioner of public safety, containing the name, age, address, description and signature of the person presenting such pistol for inspection, together with a full description thereof; the original of such certificate shall be delivered to the registrant; the duplicate thereof shall be mailed to the commissioner of public safety and filed and indexed by him and kept as a permanent official record for a period of six years, and the triplicate of such certificate shall be retained and filed in the office of said sheriff, or commissioner or chief of police, as the case may be. The provisions of this section shall not apply to wholesale or retail dealers in firearms or to collections of pistols kept solely for the purpose of display, as relics, souvenirs, curios or antiques, nor to weapons heretofore registered under the provisions of section eleven of act number three hundred thirteen of the public acts of nineteen hundred twenty-five. Any person who fails to comply with the provision of this section shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Safety inspection of weapons.

Certificate issued.

SEC. 10. No pawnbroker shall accept a pistol in pawn. Any person violating this section of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars or imprisonment in the county jail for not more than ninety days or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Pistol not accepted in pawn.

SEC. 11. No person shall wilfully alter, remove or obliterate the name of the maker, model, manufacturer's number or other mark of identity of any pistol. Possession of any such firearm upon which the number shall have been altered, removed or obliterated, shall be presumptive evidence that such possessor has altered, removed or obliterated the same. Any person convicted under this section shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred dollars or by imprisonment

Alteration of pistol unlawful.

in the state prison not to exceed two years or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Exceptions
to act.

SEC. 12. The provisions of section two, three, five and nine shall not apply to any peace officer of the state or any subdivision thereof who is regularly employed and paid by the state or such subdivision, or to any member of the army, navy or marine corps of the United States, or of organizations authorized by law to purchase or receive weapons from the United States or from this state, nor to the national guard or other duly authorized military organizations when on duty or drill, nor to the members thereof in going to or returning from their customary places of assembly or practice, nor to a person licensed to carry a pistol concealed upon his person issued by another state, nor to the regular and ordinary transportation of pistols as merchandise, or to any person while carrying a pistol unloaded in a wrapper from the place of purchase to his home or place of business or to a place of repair or back to his home or place of business, or in moving goods from one place of abode or business to another.

When un-
lawfully
possessed.

SEC. 13. When complaint shall be made on oath to any magistrate authorized to issue warrants in criminal cases that any pistol or other weapon or device mentioned in this act is unlawfully possessed or carried by any person, such magistrate shall, if he be satisfied that there is reasonable cause to believe the matters in said complaint be true, issue his warrant directed to any peace officer, commanding him to search the person or place described in such complaint, and if such pistol, weapon or device be there found; to seize and hold the same as evidence of a violation of this act.

Forfeited to
state.

SEC. 14. All pistols, weapons or devices carried or possessed contrary to this act are hereby declared forfeited to the state.

Certain
books, etc.,
unlawful to
sell, etc.

SEC. 15. It shall be unlawful to sell or deliver within this state, or to offer or expose for sale, or to have in possession for the purpose of sale, any book, pamphlet, circular, magazine, newspaper or other form of written or printed matter offering to sell or deliver, or containing an offer to sell or deliver to any person within this state from any place without this state any pistol or any weapon or device mentioned in section three hereof. The provisions of this section shall not apply to sales of or offers to sell pistols at wholesale to persons regularly engaged in the business of selling such pistols at wholesale or retail, nor to sales or offers to sell such pistols made or authorized by the United States government or any department or agency thereof.

Penalty for
violation.

SEC. 16. Any person violating the provisions of section fifteen of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not to exceed one hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the county jail not to exceed ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

