FILED
SUPREME COURT
STATE OF WASHINGTON
12/18/2023 9:51 AM
BY ERIN L. LENNON
CLERK

NO. 101520-8

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON

SPOKANE COUNTY,

Petitioner,

RESPONDENT'S STATEMENT OF ADDITIONAL AUTHORITY

v.

JILMA MENESES, In Her Official Capacity as Secretary of the Washington State Department of Social and Health Services,

Respondent.

Pursuant to RAP 10.8, the Secretary offers as additional authority a Preliminary Injunction in a case filed by Spokane County and other counties, issued against the Department of Social and Health Services (DSHS) and the Secretary regarding the admission of civil conversion patients into state hospitals. *See* Preliminary Injunction, filed Oct. 6, 2023, *Pierce County, et al. v. Dep't of Soc. & Health Svcs.*, Pierce Co. Super. Ct. No. 23-2-09161-8 (attached). As a plaintiff in that proceeding, Spokane County successfully argued it had standing under the Uniform

Declaratory Judgment Act (UDJA) to obtain an injunction requiring DSHS to admit civil conversion patients to state hospitals in accordance with statutory obligations.¹ *See* Preliminary Injunction at 3.

The Secretary believes (and unsuccessfully argued in Pierce County Superior Court) that Spokane County does not have standing to bring a UDJA claim regarding admission of patients to state hospitals. But having received the benefit of arguing that it may bring a UDJA claim on such issues, Spokane County should be judicially estopped from arguing the opposite here – i.e., that it has no alternative remedy to a mandamus. *See Arkison v. Ethan Allen, Inc.*, 160 Wn.2d 535, 538-39, 160 P.3d 13 (2007) (setting forth factors for judicial estoppel).

¹ Spokane County and the other plaintiffs argued in the alternative for mandamus, but the superior court granted an injunction under the UDJA. Preliminary Injunction at 5.

This additional authority is relevant to the Secretary's argument at pages 50 to 56 that the mandamus should be denied because there are alternative remedies.

This document contains 254 words, excluding the parts of the document exempted from the word count by RAP 18.17.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 18th day of December, 2023.

ROBERT W. FERGUSON *Attorney General*

s/Peter B. Gonick
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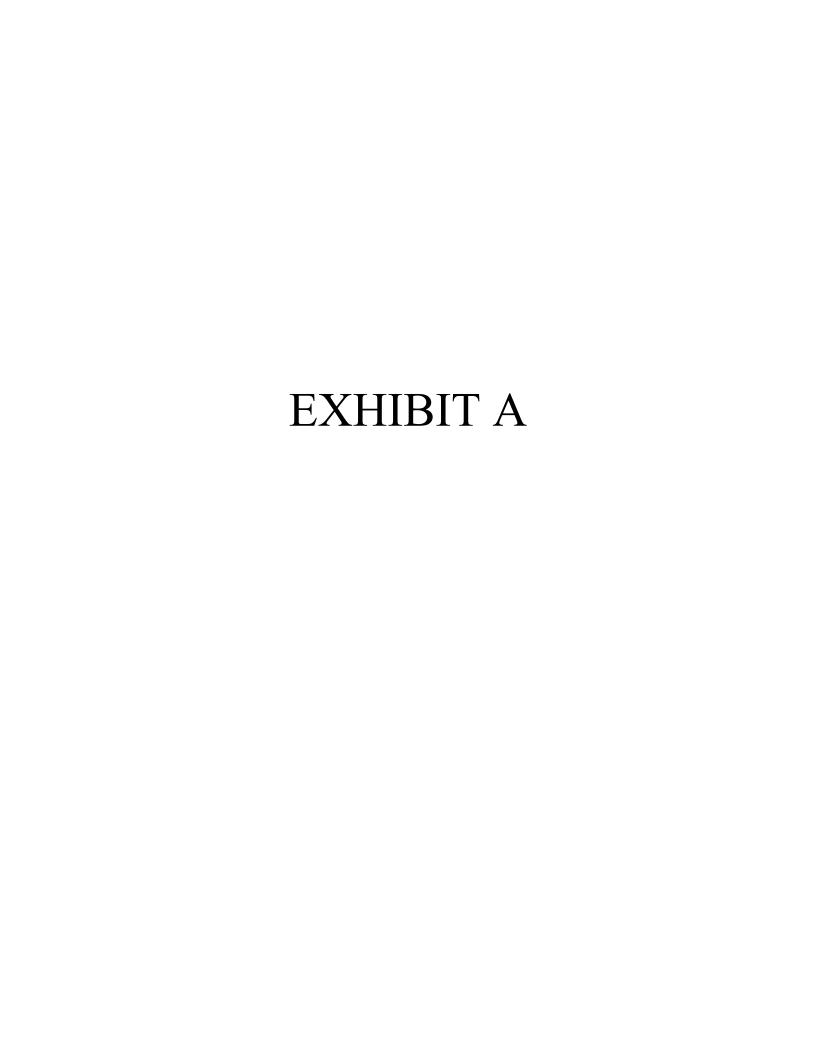
CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I certify, under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of Washington, that the foregoing was electronically filed in the Washington State Supreme Court and electronically served on the following parties, according to the Court's protocols for electronic filing and service:

Nathan Scott McKorkle Attorney at Law 1100 W. Mallon Avenue Spokane, WA 99260-2043 nmckorkle@spokanecounty.org scpaappeals@spokanecounty.org

DATED this 18th day of December 2023, at Olympia, Washington.

s/Kelsi Zweifel KELSI ZWEIFEL Confidential Secretary





IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF PIERCE

PIERCE COUNTY, ASOTIN COUNTY, CLALLAM COUNTY, COWLITZ COUNTY, DOUGLASS COUNTY, GRANT COUNTY, GRAYS HARBOR COUNTY, ISLAND COUNTY, JEFFERSON COUNTY, KING COUNTY, KITSAP COUNTY, KLICKITAT COUNTY, LEWIS COUNTY, LINCOLN COUNTY, PACIFIC COUNTY, SKAGIT COUNTY, SKAMANIA COUNTY, SNOHOMISH COUNTY, SPOKANE COUNTY, THURSTON COUNTY, WHATCOM COUNTY, YAKIMA COUNTY, AND WASHINGTON STATE ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES,

Plaintiffs,

v.

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WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES, and JILMA MENESES, in her official capacity as SECRETARY OF WASHINGTON STATE DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL AND HEALTH SERVICES,

Defendants.

No. 23-2-09161-8

ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS'
MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY
INJUNCTION OR WRIT OF
MANDAMUS

[PROPOSEDE

This matter came before the Court on Plaintiffs' (the "Counties") Motion for Preliminary Injunction (the "Motion"). The Court has considered the Motion, any responses and replies thereto,

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and the other pleadings and papers filed in this action. Based on the foregoing, the Court makes the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law.

I. FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Under Washington law, when the mental competency of a criminal defendant cannot be restored, county superior courts are required to dismiss the defendant's charges without prejudice and commit the former defendant to DSHS's custody to evaluate the patient for potential civil commitment. Because the dismissal of criminal charges "converts" these patients from a criminal hold to a civil commitment hold, they are referred to as "civil conversion patients."
- 2. Between December 14, 2022 and July 7, 2023, DSHS selectively refused to admit civil conversion patients for civil commitment evaluations under RCW 10.77.086(7). From July 7, 2023 to August 14, 2023, DSHS refused to admit all civil conversion patients for civil commitment evaluations under RCW 10.77.086(7). Since August 14, 2023, DSHS has refused to admit non-HB 1114 patients for civil commitment evaluations under RCW 10.77.086(7). Each time DSHS refuses to do so, it is in violation of a superior court order, entered in the patient's underlying criminal case, that requires DSHS to admit the patient to DSHS's custody in order to perform a civil commitment evaluation.
- 3. Rather than admit civil conversion patients for evaluation, DSHS recommends that county and local officials subsume DSHS's statutory obligations by evaluating patients under the Involuntary Treatment Act, chapter 71.05 RCW. However the county and local officials lack adequate resources to evaluate and care for these patients, and the commitment criteria available to them is not appropriate for the needs of the conversion patient population and public safety. As a result, DSHS's refusal to admit civil conversion patients for evaluation is

likely to result in the outright release of civil conversion patients into their communities without any evaluation of whether the patients are likely to commit new criminal offenses, or whether they present a danger to themselves or others. DSHS's conduct deprives civil conversion patients of the treatment that is often necessary to break the cycle of re-offense.

- 4. DSHS' failure to evaluate civil conversion patients is likely to result in substantial harm to the patients themselves, the communities to which they return, and to the county and local governments responsible for ensuring public safety, enforcing the law, and evaluating and caring for individuals with mental disabilities that make them eligible for civil commitment.
- 5. DSHS has also sent letters to County officials stating its intention to release patients currently undergoing civil conversion treatment back to their communities. These notices provide incomplete and insufficient information by, for example, failing to provide specific information about the individuals being released, or their release location or plan for release. The DSHS-issued notices are not addressed to the individuals enumerated in RCW 71.05.425 to whom DSHS is required to provide written notice.
- 6. DSHS's release of patients undergoing civil commitment treatment without complying with RCW 71.05.425's notice requirements creates a substantial likelihood of serious harm to the communities, victims, local governments and officials implicated by the patients' release.

II. CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. The Counties having standing to bring this action and are beneficially interested in DSHS' performance of its statutory obligations.
- 2. The Counties have demonstrated that they are likely to succeed on the merits of their claims.
- 3. DSHS is obligated to admit civil conversion patients for civil commitment ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION OR WRIT OF MANDAMUS 3

evaluations under RCW 10.77.086(7), and to comply with superior court orders committing civil conversion patients into DSHS' custody for evaluation under that statute.

- 4. The July 7, 2023 federal court contempt order in the action titled *Trueblood v. Washington State Dep't of Soc. & Health Servs.*, Case No. 14-cv-1178-MJP in the U.S. District Court for the Western District of Washington, does not (in either its original or amended form) conflict with or override DSHS's obligation to admit patients to the state hospitals for a civil conversion evaluation. Even if it did, DSHS would still be required under RCW 10.77.086 to admit patients for this purpose to other DSHS-operated or contracted facilities. Although DSHS has discretion where to place patients in-patient for an evaluation, it nonetheless has a mandatory duty to admit conversion patients to its custody for purposes of an evaluation.
- 5. When DSHS intends to release, transfer or grant authorized leave to patients who have been civilly committed following dismissal of sex, violent, or felony harassment charges ("Committed Patients"), DSHS must "at the earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before [the release, leave or transfer], the superintendent shall send written notice of [the release, leave, or transfer] to" certain individuals enumerated in RCW 71.05.425. A legally sufficient notice must include the person's name, anticipated release date (at least 30 days out) and the location of or plan for the person's release.
 - 6. DSHS has a clear duty to act by performing these statutory obligations.
- 7. The Counties have a clear legal and equitable right to compel DSHS to satisfy these statutory obligations.
 - 8. The Counties have a well-grounded fear of the immediate invasion of this right.
- 9. DSHS' continuing failure to satisfy its statutory evaluation and notice obligations will result in actual and substantial injury to the Counties, the civil conversion patients, and the communities they are released into.
- 10. There is no adequate remedy at law for the actual and substantial damages resulting from DSHS's conduct. Absent injunctive relief there is no plain, speedy and adequate

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remedy in the ordinary course of law.

- The balance of equities favors the Counties because of the damages and public safety risks caused by DSHS' conduct, and because DSHS has no valid interest in failing to perform it statutory obligations.
- 12. Minimal security is required to protect DSHS' interest in disregarding its statutory obligations.
- 13. Although the court determines to grant a preliminary injunction, it would otherwise determine to grant the alternative relief of a writ of mandamus.

III. **ORDER**

It is now, therefore, ORDERED as follows:

- 1. The Counties' Motion for Preliminary Injunction is GRANTED;
- 2. DSHS is enjoined from denying admission to, or declining to accept custody of, civil conversion patients pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(7) and criminal court orders pursuant to that statute; and
- 3. DSHS is enjoined from releasing, transferring, or granting leave to authorized leave to Committed Patients without until at least 30 days after it has sent written notice to the individuals enumerated in RCW 71.05.425 that includes the name of the releasing patient and the location of or plan for the patient's release.

IT IS SO ORDERED this 6 day of 04

Presented by:

ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION OR WRIT OF MANDAMUS - 5

PACIFICA LAW GROUP LLP 1191 SECOND AVENUE SUITE 2000 SEATTLE, WASHINGTON 98101-3404 TELEPHONE: (206) 245-1700

Paul J. Lawrence, wsba #13557 Ian D. Rogers, wsba #46584 Shweta Jayawardhan, wsba #58490 Attorneys for Plaintiff Washington State Association of Counties

ORDER GRANTING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY INJUNCTION OR WRIT OF MANDAMUS - 6

SOLICITOR GENERAL OFFICE

December 18, 2023 - 9:51 AM

Transmittal Information

Filed with Court: Supreme Court

Appellate Court Case Number: 101,520-8

Spokane County v. Jilma Meneses **Appellate Court Case Title:**

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